



Subject: Grade 4 Social Sciences (History)

Topic: Social Sciences (History): Term 2 - Exam 1

Total: 78 Marks

1. 1918

3 marks

Explanation:

$2018 - 100 = 1918$

Nelson Mandela was born on 18 July 1918 in a tiny village called Mvezo.

2. wrote books | 74

4 marks

Explanation:

$1945 - 1871 = 74$

An author writes books, plays, stories and other written pieces.

This gravestone also tells us that Emily was an artist and that she loved nature.

3. true

2 marks

Explanation:

Uniforms, in many schools, have changed from the past to the present, especially to make it cheaper for parents to buy them.

4. write down the questions you want to ask the person | write down the person's answers

4 marks

Explanation:

You can find out about the past by interviewing people. You must prepare for the interview.

Write down the questions that you want to ask the person. Take notes during the interview so that you do not forget the person's answers.

5. false

2 marks

Explanation:

This modern photograph, taken in 2018, is a photograph taken in the past, but it does not give us information about how people lived then.



6. 1994

3 marks

Explanation:

In 1994 the first democratic vote took place, which meant that people of any race were able to vote for a president. The voting was free (for everyone in South Africa to vote) and fair.



7. African National Congress | The African National Congress

3 marks

Explanation:

The African National Congress has been the ruling party in South Africa since the first free and fair elections in 1994.

8. street names | road names | streets' names | roads' names

3 marks

Explanation:

Enoch Sontonga died a long time ago. The people of South Africa wanted to honour him for writing part of the national anthem. So they named a street/road after him.

9. Fort Hare | University of Fort Hare

3 marks

Explanation:

Nelson Mandela studied at many different universities, but the first was at the University of Fort Hare. This university is in the Eastern Cape.

10. true

2 marks

Explanation:

The news on radio stations gives us information about our local areas.

11. D: brave

4 marks

Explanation:

By continuing to organise protests, despite the ANC being banned, Nelson Mandela showed that he was a brave leader. He was willing to get into 'trouble' for his strong beliefs in equality.

12. C: in the past

4 marks

Explanation:

The past is something that has already happened. Therefore, History is something that has already happened.

13. Objects | cars

4 marks

Explanation:

Objects such as cars, furniture and bones, give us information about the past.

14. true

2 marks

Explanation:

We know a lot about the San and their way of life by studying their paintings.

15. B: a memorial

3 marks

Explanation:

A memorial is a statue to honour and remember a dead person or past event.

16. false

2 marks

Explanation:

Nelson Mandela was the first black and democratic president of South Africa, but there were many other presidents before him.

17. false

2 marks

Explanation:

Places of worship give us information about a local area.

An area where mosques are found will tell us that Muslims live in the local area.

18. B: serving others

4 marks

Explanation:

Serving others is an example of working for the good of other people.

19. totally free | forgive

4 marks

Explanation:

Bitterness and hatred would have made Mandela feel like he was still in chains.

Mandela could have harmed the very people who hated him and harmed him in his fight for freedom. However, he chose to forgive and let go of any hatred or bitterness he may have had against the people who treated him unfairly. In this way, Mandela could move forward and do good things to bring about change in South Africa.

20. internet

2 marks

Explanation:

Type the name of the local area in 'google' and the information will appear instantly.

21. write | history

4 marks

Explanation:

This is called oral tradition.

22. 21 | twenty one | twenty-one

3 marks

Explanation:

Gandhi lived in South Africa for 21 years before he went back to India. He arrived in South Africa in 1893 and left South Africa in 1914.

$$1914 - 1893 = 21$$

23. true

2 marks

Explanation:

Mahatma Gandhi's real name was Mohandas Karamchand Gandhi. He was given the name 'Mahatma' at a later age.

24. C: museum

3 marks

Explanation:

A museum is a building where collections of objects that are important to history, art or science are kept and shown to the public.

25. assassinated | tolerance | pray

6 marks

Explanation:

He was shot three times by a man named Nathuram Godse.

Total: 78 Marks